TERRORIST FINANCING RISKS

PRESENTATION BY GUERNSEY AUTHORITIES

2023

LEGAL POSITION

THREE-PRONGED APPROACH -

- TARGETED FINANCIAL SANCTIONS
- TARGETED TF OFFENCES
- GENERAL TF OFFENCES

NB - ALL THREE ARE RELEVANT TO SCHEDULE 3

TARGETED FINANCIAL SANCTIONS

TWO TYPES APPLICABLE HERE -

 UN/UK SANCTIONS REGIMES IMPLEMENTED UNDER SANCTIONS LAW

• GUERNSEY AUTONOMOUS LISTINGS UNDER TERRORIST ASSET FREEZING LAW (NONE TO DATE)

KEY CONCEPTS

OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL OF ASSETS

MAKING FUNDS OR ECONOMIC RESOURCES AVAILABLE

DIRECT OR INDIRECT

UN/UK REGIMES

- 4 SEPARATE TF -RELATED REGIMES
 - ISIL/AQ
 - AFGHANISTAN
 - COUNTER TERRORISM
 - INTERNATIONAL COUNTER TERRORISM

DESIGNATIONS AUTOMATICALLY EFFECTIVE

THEMIS NOTICES

TF OFFENCES

Meaning of terrorism – dual approach at section 1 of Terrorism & Crime (BoG) Law 2002

TF Offences (sections 8- 11A of TACL)

- Raising/using/possessing funds, or entering into funding arrangements for purposes of terrorism
- Laundering terrorist property
- Making insurance payment in response to demand for purposes of terrorism

PURPOSES OF TERRORISM

Section 1A -

 support not limited to financial support (e.g fake IDS, can be link to OCGs)

 financial support for any purpose (rent, living expenses etc.) is covered

Covers secondary terrorist financing

TARGETED TF OFFENCES

 Purposes of terrorism/terrorist property specifically apply to proscribed organisations

 Proscribed organisations – section 3/Schedule 2 of Terrorism Act 2000

Changes to UK list automatically effective

GENERAL TF OFFENCES

SECTION 1A TACL - Provision of support to an individual or entity involved in terrorism, very widely defined -

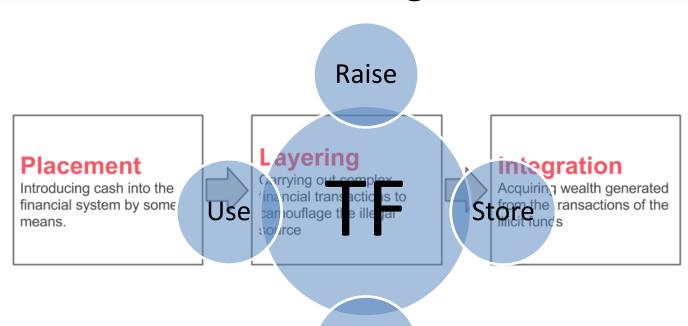
- 1. Person who
- Commits/attempts act of terrorism
- Acts as accomplice in act of terrorism
- Organises/directs others to commit act of terrorism
- Participates in terrorist group
- 2. Entity owned or controlled directly or indirectly by person within 1
- 3. Individual or entity acting on behalf of or at direction of person within 1 or 2

WHERE TO LOOK?

- NON-APPLICABLE DESIGNATIONS
 - -EU
 - -OFAC
 - -ISRAEL

LOCATION/PURPOSE OF ACTIVITY

Money Laundering V Terrorist Financing



Move

TYPES OF TF

Operational and organisational

- Domestic income taxation, extortion, intervening in business arrangements
- Crowd funding, use of social media platforms to move small amounts of money, hard to distinguish from humanitarian campaigns
- Use of NPOs/theft and/or sale of aid
- State sponsorship (e.g by Iran), payment for weapons, likely to increase
- Investment portfolio

INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

• Use of commercial companies (e.g. construction) in nearby countries – e.g. Turkey, Sudan, UAE, Algeria

Main directors and UBOs are affiliated to terrorist organisation

 Transactions obfuscated, use of shell companies, same factors as trade-based ML

WHAT TO DO

Check money flows and entities up and down chain

Pay special attention to use of MVTSs, MSBs and crypto

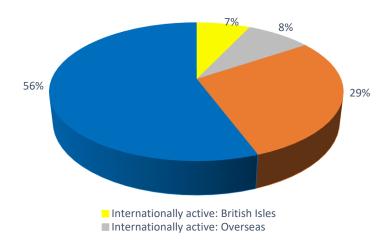
- Look out for transactions that don't make commercial sense
 - Airbnb in conflict zone
 - Handcrafted items "Made in (conflict zone/contested state)"

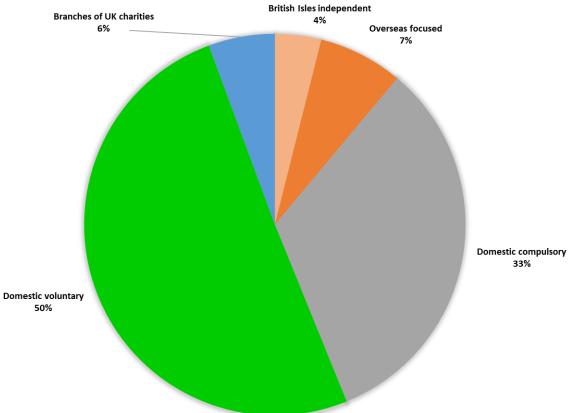
CHARITIES & OTHER NPOs

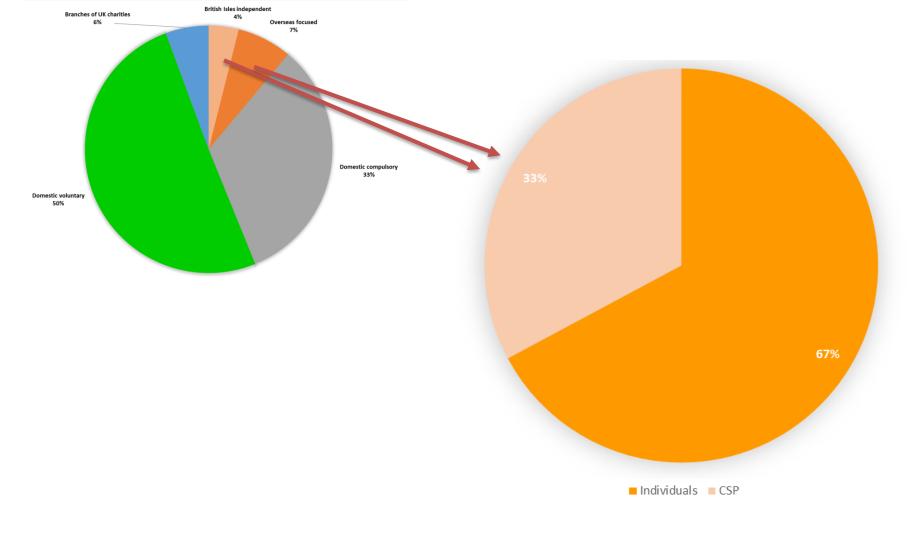
 International concern about charities/NPOs being abused for terrorist financing purposes

- Only likely to affect internationally active local charities/NPOs
 - see NRA 2

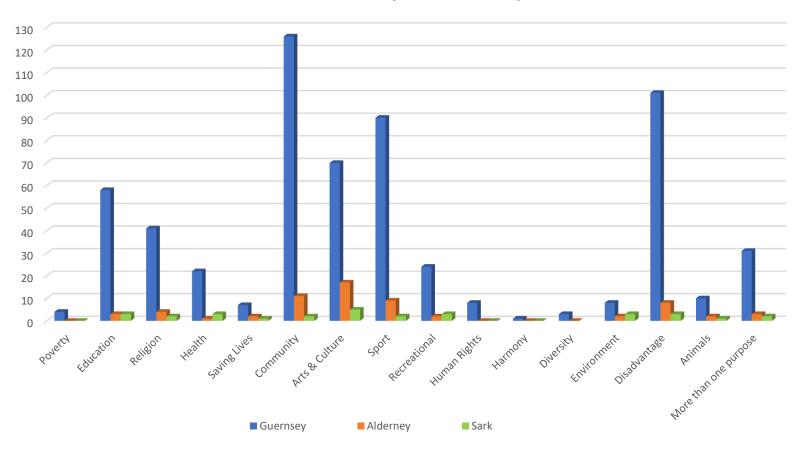
Businesses to take account of third sector risks/ratings in NRA
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Charities/NPOs Objectives and Purposes



Terrorist Financing – FIU Process

- FIU Assessment and management of sensitive financial intelligence
- FIU Intelligence [gather, analysis, and dissemination]
- Aligned with the UK Contest Strategy
- Terrorist financing intelligence handling and investigations procedure / policy
- Incoming SAR TF link
- Referred to the CT Policing for TF Risk Assessment
- Disseminated to UK CT Network
- Result TF link
- Case referral to EFCB
- Close liaison FIU, EFCB, CT Policing and UK

Private Public Partnership

- Guernsey's Integrated Money Laundering & Terrorist Financing Intelligence Task Force (GIMLIT)
- Established March 2023 extending to International banks January 2024
- FIU, AML / CFT Authorities, GFSC, AGCC, Retail Banks & Private banks
- Voluntary membership
- Operational working group
- GIMLIT Briefing Paper / FAQs
- Sharing of information extended to reporting entities
- FIU GIMLIT Request Form Section 7 TF linked enquiry
- Engagement with the UK JMLIT, Europol PPP & Others

Quad Island Terrorist Financing Forum

- Formed 2021
- Share typologies and trends in relation to Suspicious Activity Reports in relation to TF
- To share best practice in investigative techniques when conducting investigations in to TF
- To share experiences of barriers in investigations and how these are overcome.
- To obtain briefs from NTFIU on trends and typologies
- To invite guest speakers to add value to participant knowledge on trends, typologies and investigative techniques
- To develop training opportunities including joint courses on ML

BUSINESS TF RISK ASSESSMENT

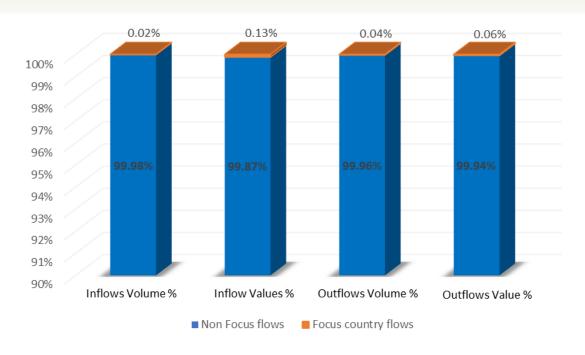
Ingredients for TF business risk assessment:

- Understanding of current TF threat
- National Risk Assessment
- Management Information
- Appendix I of the Handbook

Lafarge fined \$778m by US for supporting terrorist groups



Bailiwick flows to/from Focus Countries 2020 - 2022



Bailiwick connections to Focus Countries 2022

