

GUERNSEY STATUTORY INSTRUMENT

ENTITLED

**The Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations,
2007 ***

[CONSOLIDATED TEXT]

NOTE

This consolidated version of the instrument incorporates all amendments listed in the footnote below. However, while it is believed to be accurate and up to date, it is not authoritative and has no legal effect, having been prepared in-house for the assistance of the Law Officers. No warranty is given that the text is free of errors and omissions, and no liability is accepted for any loss arising from its use. The authoritative text of the instrument and of the amending instruments may be obtained from Her Majesty's Greffier, Royal Court House, Guernsey, GY1 2PB.

* G.S.I. No. 33 of 2007; as amended by the Registration of Non-Regulated Financial Services Businesses (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2008 (No. XV of 2008); the Terrorist Asset-Freezing (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2011 (No. XI of 2011); the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008 (G.S.I. No. 48 of 2008); the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2009 (G.S.I. No. 30 of 2009); the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2010 (G.S.I. No. 13 of 2010); the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010 (G.S.I. No. 58 of 2010); the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013 (G.S.I. No. 13 of 2013); the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2013 (G.S.I. No. 20 of 2013).

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GUERNSEY STATUTORY INSTRUMENT

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The Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations, 2007

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

PART I INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS AND RISK ASSESSMENT

1. Citation.
2. Commencement.
3. Risk assessment and mitigation.

PART II CUSTOMER DUE DILIGENCE ETC.

4. Customer due diligence.
5. Additional customer due diligence.
6. Customer due diligence for low risk relationships.
7. Timing of identification and verification.
8. Accounts and shell banks.
9. Non-compliance with customer due diligence measures etc.
10. Introduced business.

PART III ENSURING COMPLIANCE AND RECORD KEEPING

11. Monitoring transactions and other activity.
12. Reporting suspicion.
13. Employee screening and training.
14. Record-keeping.
15. Ensuring compliance, corporate responsibility and related requirements.

**PART IIIA
REQUIREMENT TO REGISTER IN CERTAIN CASES**

- 15A. Application of Part.
- 15B. Requirement to register.
- 15C. Application for registration.
- 15D. General requirements.
- 15E. List of, and information as to, financial services businesses registered under Part IIIA.

**PART IIIB
DESIGNATION OF SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY**

- 15F. Guernsey Financial Services Commission.

**PART IV
MISCELLANEOUS**

- 16. Notification etc.
- 16A. Offences as to false and misleading information.
- 17. Offences.
- 18. Amendment to the Law.
- 19. Interpretation.
- 20. Revocation.

SCHEDULE Amendment to the Law.

Explanatory Note.

GUERNSEY STATUTORY INSTRUMENT

ENTITLED

The Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations, 2007

THE POLICY COUNCIL, in exercise of the powers conferred upon it by section 49 and 54 of the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1999^a and of all other powers enabling it in that behalf, hereby makes the following Regulations: –

PART I

INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS AND RISK ASSESSMENT

Citation.

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations, 2007.

Commencement.

2. These Regulations shall come into force on the 15th December, 2007.

[Risk assessment and mitigation.

3. (1) A financial services business must –

^a Order in Council No. VIII of 1999, as amended by Order in Council No. II of 2005 and No. [] of 2007, Ordinance XXVIII of 1999, Ordinance XII of 2002, G.S.I. No. 27 of 2002 and certain sections of the Law are modified in their application to external confiscation orders by Ordinance XXXIII of 1999.

Consolidated text

- (a) carry out and document a suitable and sufficient money laundering and terrorist financing business risk assessment which is specific to the financial services business –
 - (i) as soon as reasonably practicable after these Regulations come into force, or
 - (ii) in the case of a financial services business which only becomes such on or after the date these Regulations come into force, as soon as reasonably practicable after it becomes such a business, and
 - (b) regularly review its business risk assessment, at a minimum annually, so as to keep it up to date and, where, as a result of that review, changes to the business risk assessment are required, it must make those changes.
- (2) A financial services business must –
- (a) prior to the establishment of a business relationship or the carrying out of an occasional transaction, undertake a risk assessment of that proposed business relationship or occasional transaction,
 - (b) regularly review any risk assessment carried out under subparagraph (a) so as to keep it up to date and, where

changes to that risk assessment are required, it must make those changes, and

- (c) ensure that its policies, procedures and controls on forestalling, preventing and detecting money laundering and terrorist financing are appropriate and effective, having regard to the assessed risk.

(3) A financial services business must have regard to –

- (a) any relevant rules and guidance in the Handbook, and
- (b) any notice or instruction issued by the Commission under the Law,

in determining, for the purposes of these Regulations, what constitutes a high or low risk.]

NOTE

Regulation 3 was substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013, regulation 1, with effect from 28th March, 2013.

PART II

CUSTOMER DUE DILIGENCE ETC.

Customer due diligence.

4. (1) A financial services business shall, subject to the following provisions of these Regulations, ensure that the steps in paragraph (3) are carried

out –

(a) when carrying out the activities in paragraphs (2)(a) and (b) and in the circumstances in paragraphs (2)(c) and (d), and

(b) in relation to a business relationship established prior to the coming into force of these Regulations –

(i) in respect of which there is maintained an anonymous account or an account [...] in a fictitious name, as soon as possible after the coming into force of these Regulations and in any event before such account is used again in any way, and

(ii) where it does not fall within subparagraph (i) and to the extent that such steps have not already been carried out, at appropriate times on a risk-sensitive basis.

(2) The activities and circumstances referred to in paragraph (1)

are –

(a) establishing a business relationship,

(b) carrying out an occasional transaction,

(c) where the financial services business knows or suspects or has reasonable grounds for knowing or

suspecting –

- (i) that, notwithstanding any exemptions or thresholds pursuant to these Regulations, any party to a business relationship is engaged in money laundering or terrorist financing, or
 - (ii) that it is carrying out a transaction on behalf of a person, including a beneficial owner or underlying principal, who is engaged in money laundering or terrorist financing, and
- (d) where the financial services business has doubts about the veracity or adequacy of previously obtained identification data.
- (3) The steps referred to in paragraph (1) are that –
- (a) the customer shall be identified and his identity verified using identification data,
 - (b) any person purporting to act on behalf of the customer shall be identified and his identity and his authority to so act shall be verified,
 - (c) the beneficial owner and underlying principal shall be identified and reasonable measures shall be taken to verify such identity using identification data and such measures shall include, in the case of a legal person or legal arrangement, measures to understand the

ownership and control structure of the customer,

- (d) a determination shall be made as to whether the customer is acting on behalf of another person and, if the customer is so acting, reasonable measures shall be taken to obtain sufficient identification data to identify and verify the identity of that other person,
- (e) information shall be obtained on the purpose and intended nature of each business relationship, and
- (f) a determination shall be made as to whether the customer, beneficial owner and any underlying principal is a politically exposed person.

(4) A financial services business must have regard to any relevant rules and guidance in the Handbook in determining, for the purposes of this regulation and regulation 5, what constitutes reasonable measures.

NOTE

In regulation 4, the words omitted in square brackets in paragraph (1)(b)(i) were revoked by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2009, regulation 1, with effect from 6th July, 2009.

Additional customer due diligence.

5. (1) Where a financial services business is required to carry out customer due diligence, it must also carry out enhanced customer due diligence in relation to the following business relationships or occasional transactions –

Consolidated text

- (a) a business relationship or occasional transaction in which the customer or any beneficial owner or underlying principal is a politically exposed person,
- (b) a business relationship which is –
 - (i) a correspondent banking relationship, or
 - (ii) similar to such a relationship in that it involves the provision of services, which themselves amount to financial services business or facilitate the carrying on of such business, by one financial services business to another,
- (c) a business relationship or an occasional transaction –
 - (i) where the customer is established or situated in a country or territory that does not apply or insufficiently applies the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering, or
 - (ii) which the financial services business considers to be a high risk relationship, taking into account any notices[, instructions] or warnings issued from time to time by the Commission, and
- (d) a business relationship or an occasional transaction which has been assessed as a high risk relationship

pursuant to regulation [3(2)(a)].

(2) In paragraph (1) –

[(a) "**enhanced customer due diligence**" means –

(i) obtaining senior management approval for establishing a business relationship or undertaking an occasional transaction,

(ii) obtaining senior management approval for, in the case of an existing business relationship with a politically exposed person, continuing that relationship,

(iii) taking reasonable measures to establish the source of any funds and of the wealth of the customer and beneficial owner and underlying principal,

(iv) carrying out more frequent and more extensive ongoing monitoring in accordance with regulation 11, and

(v) taking one or more of the following steps as would be appropriate to the particular business relationship or occasional transaction –

(A) obtaining additional identification data,

(B) verifying additional aspects of the customer's identity, and

- (C) obtaining additional information to understand the purpose and intended nature of each business relationship],
- (b) **"politically exposed person"** means –
 - (i) a person who has, or has had at any time, a prominent public function or who has been elected or appointed to such a function in a country or territory other than the Bailiwick including, without limitation –
 - (A) heads of state or heads of government,
 - (B) senior politicians and other important officials of political parties,
 - (C) senior government officials,
 - (D) senior members of the judiciary,
 - (E) senior military officers, and
 - (F) senior executives of state owned body corporates,
 - (ii) an immediate family member of such a person including, without limitation, a spouse, partner, parent, child, sibling, parent-in-law or

Consolidated text

grandchild of such a person and in this subparagraph "**partner**" means a person who is considered by the law of the country or territory in which the relevant public function is held as being equivalent to a spouse, or

(iii) a close associate of such a person, including, without limitation –

(A) a person who is widely known to maintain a close business relationship with such a person, or

(B) a person who is in a position to conduct substantial financial transactions on behalf of such a person.

(3) ...

(4) Where the customer was not [a Guernsey resident] [...] when a financial services business carried out an activity set out in regulation 4(2)(a) or (b), a financial services business must take adequate measures to compensate for the specific risk arising as a result –

(a) when carrying out customer due diligence, and

(b) where the activity was establishing a business relationship, when carrying out monitoring of that relationship pursuant to regulation 11.

NOTES

In regulation 5,

the punctuation and word in square brackets in paragraph (1)(c)(ii) were inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2010, regulation 1, with effect from 22nd February, 2010;

the figures, parentheses and letter in square brackets in paragraph (1)(d) were substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2013, regulation 1, with effect from 22nd April, 2013;

paragraph (2)(a) was substituted, paragraph (3) was revoked and the words in square brackets in paragraph (4) were inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2009, respectively regulation 2(a), regulation 2(b) and regulation 2(c), with effect from 6th July, 2009;

the words omitted in paragraph (4) were revoked by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013, regulation 2, with effect from 28th March, 2013.¹

Customer due diligence for low risk relationships.

6. (1) Where a financial services business is required to carry out customer due diligence in relation to a business relationship or occasional transaction which has been assessed as a low risk relationship pursuant to regulation [3(2)(a)], it may, subject to the following provisions of this regulation –

(a) apply reduced or simplified customer due diligence measures, or

(b) treat an intermediary as if it were the customer.

(2) The discretion in paragraph (1) may only be exercised –

(a) in accordance with the requirements set out in chapter 6 of the Handbook, and

(b) ...

(3) For the avoidance of doubt, [the discretion in paragraph (1) shall not be exercised] –

(a) where the financial services business knows or suspects or has reasonable grounds for knowing or suspecting that any party to a business relationship or any beneficial owner or underlying principal is engaged in money laundering or terrorist financing, or

(b) in relation to business relationships or occasional transactions where the risk is other than low.

NOTES

In regulation 6,

the figures, parentheses and letter in paragraph (1) were substituted, and subparagraph (b) of paragraph (2) was repealed, by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013, regulation 3, respectively paragraph (a) and paragraph (b), with effect from 28th March, 2013;

the words in square brackets in paragraph (3) were substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010, regulation 1, with effect from 21st June, 2010.

Timing of identification and verification.

7. (1) Identification and verification of the identity of any person or legal arrangement pursuant to regulations 4 to 6 must, subject to paragraph (2) and regulation 4(1)(b), be carried out before or during the course of establishing a business relationship or before carrying out an occasional transaction.

(2) Verification of the identity of the customer and of any beneficial owners and underlying principals may be completed following the establishment of a business relationship provided that –

- (a) it is completed as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter,
- (b) the need to do so is essential not to interrupt the normal conduct of business, and
- (c) appropriate and effective policies, procedures and controls are in place which operate so as to manage risk.

Accounts and shell banks.

8. (1) A financial services business must, in relation to all customers –

- (a) not set up anonymous accounts or accounts in [fictitious] names [...], and
- (b) maintain accounts in a manner which facilitates the meeting of the requirements of these Regulations.

Consolidated text

- (2) A financial services business must –
- (a) not enter into, or continue, a correspondent banking relationship with a shell bank, and
 - (b) take appropriate measures to ensure that it does not enter into, or continue, a correspondent banking relationship where the respondent bank is known to permit its accounts to be used by a shell bank.
- (3) In this regulation –
- (a) "**consolidated supervision**" means supervision by a regulatory authority of all aspects of the business of a group of bodies corporate carried on worldwide, to ensure compliance with –
 - (i) the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering, and
 - (ii) other international requirements,and in accordance with the Core Principles of Effective Banking Supervision issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision as revised or reissued from time to time,
 - (b) "**physical presence**" means the presence of persons involved in a meaningful way in the running and management of the bank which, for the avoidance of

doubt, is not satisfied by the presence of a local agent or junior staff, and

- (c) **"shell bank"** means a bank that has no physical presence in the country or territory in which it is incorporated and licensed and which is not a member of a group of bodies corporate which is subject to effective consolidated supervision.

NOTE

In regulation 8, the words in the first pair of square brackets in paragraph (1)(a) were inserted, and those omitted in the second pair of square brackets therein were revoked, by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2009, respectively regulation 3(a) and regulation 3(b), with effect from 6th July, 2009.

Non-compliance with customer due diligence measures etc.

9. Where a financial services business can not comply with any of regulation 4(3)(a) to (d) it must –

- (a) in the case of an existing business relationship, terminate that business relationship,
- (b) in the case of a proposed business relationship or occasional transaction, not enter into that business relationship or carry out that occasional transaction with the customer, and
- (c) consider whether a disclosure must be made pursuant

to Part I of the Disclosure Law^b or section 15 or 15A of the Terrorism Law^c.

Introduced business.

10. (1) In the circumstances set out in paragraph (2), a financial services business may accept a written confirmation of identity and other matters from an introducer in relation to the requirements of regulation 4(3)(a) to (e) provided that –

- (a) the financial services business also requires copies of identification data and any other relevant documentation to be made available by the introducer to the financial services business upon request and without delay, and
- (b) the introducer[...] keeps such identification data and documents.

[(2) The circumstances referred to in paragraph (1) are that the introducer –

- (a) is an Appendix C business, or
- (b) is either an overseas branch of, or a member of the same group of bodies corporate as, the financial services business with which it is entering into the

^b Approved by Resolution of the States on 30th May 2007.

^c Order in Council No. XVI of 2002 as amended by Order in Council No. XIII of 2006 and Ordinance No. [] of 2007.

business relationship ("**receiving financial services business**"), and

- (i) the ultimate parent body corporate of the group of bodies corporate of which both the introducer and the receiving financial services business are members, falls within paragraph (2)(a),
- (ii) the conduct of the introducer is subject to requirements to forestall, prevent and detect money laundering and terrorist financing that are consistent with those in the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering in respect of such a business, and
- (iii) the conduct of which is supervised for compliance with the requirements referred to in subparagraph (ii), by the Commission or an overseas regulatory authority.]

(3) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), where reliance is placed upon the introducer the responsibility for complying with the relevant provisions of regulation 4 remains with the receiving financial services business.

NOTE

In regulation 10, the words omitted in square brackets in paragraph (1)(b) were revoked and paragraph (2) was substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of

Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010, respectively regulation 2(a) and regulation 2(b), with effect from 21st June, 2010.²

PART III
ENSURING COMPLIANCE AND RECORD KEEPING

Monitoring transactions and other activity.

11. (1) A financial services business shall perform ongoing and effective monitoring of any existing business relationship, which shall include –

(a) reviewing identification data to ensure it is kept up to date and relevant in particular for high risk relationships or customers in respect of whom there is a high risk,

(b) scrutiny of any transactions or other activity, paying particular attention to all –

(i) complex transactions,

(ii) transactions which are both large and unusual,
and

(iii) unusual patterns of transactions,

which have no apparent economic purpose or no apparent lawful purpose, and

(c) ensuring that the way in which identification data is recorded and stored is such as to facilitate the ongoing

monitoring of each business relationship.

(2) The extent of any monitoring carried out under this regulation and the frequency at which it is carried out shall be determined on a risk sensitive basis including whether or not the business relationship is a high risk relationship.

Reporting suspicion.

12. A financial services business shall –

- (a) appoint a person of at least management level as the money laundering reporting officer and provide the name and title of that person to the Commission and [the Financial Intelligence Service] as soon as is reasonably practicable and, in any event, within fourteen days starting from the date of that person's appointment,
- (b) nominate another person to receive disclosures, under Part I of the Disclosure Law and section 15 of the Terrorism Law ("**nominated officer**"), in the absence of the money laundering reporting officer, and ensure that any relevant employee is aware of the name of that nominated officer,
- (c) ensure that where a relevant employee, other than the money laundering reporting officer, is required to make a disclosure under Part I of the Disclosure Law or section 15 of the Terrorism Law, that this is done by way of a report to the money laundering reporting officer, or, in his absence, to a nominated officer,

- (d) ensure that the money laundering reporting officer, or in his absence a nominated officer, in determining whether or not he is required to make a disclosure under Part I of the Disclosure Law or section 15A of the Terrorism Law, takes into account all relevant information,
- (e) ensure that the money laundering reporting officer, or, in his absence, a nominated officer, is given prompt access to any other information which may be of assistance to him in considering any report, and
- (f) ensure that it establishes and maintains such other appropriate and effective procedures and controls as are necessary to ensure compliance with requirements to make disclosures under Part I of the Disclosure Law and sections 15 and 15A of the Terrorism Law.

NOTE

In regulation 12, the words in square brackets in paragraph (a) were substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(3), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

Employee screening and training.

13. (1) A financial services business shall maintain appropriate and effective procedures, when hiring employees, for the purpose of ensuring high standards of employee probity and competence.

(2) A financial services business shall ensure that relevant employees receive comprehensive ongoing training in –

- (a) the relevant enactments, these Regulations and the Handbook,
- (b) the personal obligations of employees and their potential criminal liability under these Regulations and the relevant enactments,
- (c) the implications of non-compliance by employees with any [rules, guidance, instructions, notices or other similar instruments] made for the purposes of these Regulations, and
- (d) its policies, procedures and controls for the purposes of forestalling, preventing and detecting money laundering and terrorist financing.

(3) A financial services business shall identify relevant employees who, in view of their particular responsibilities, should receive additional and ongoing training, appropriate to their roles, in the matters set out in paragraph (2) and must provide such additional training.

NOTE

In regulation 13, the words in square brackets in paragraph (2)(c) were substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013, regulation 4, with effect from 28th March, 2013.

Record-keeping.

14. (1) A financial services business shall keep –

- (a) a transaction document and any customer due diligence information, or
- (b) a copy thereof,

for the minimum retention period.

(2) Where a financial services business is required by any enactment, rule of law or court order to provide a transaction document or any customer due diligence information to any person before the end of the minimum retention period, the financial services business shall –

- (a) keep a copy of the transaction document or customer due diligence information until the period has ended or the original is returned, whichever occurs first, and
- (b) maintain a register of transaction documents and customer due diligence information so provided.

(3) A financial services business shall also keep records of –

- (a) any reports made to a money laundering reporting officer as referred to in regulation 12 and of any disclosure made under Part I of the Disclosure Law or section 15 or 15A of the Terrorism Law made other than by way of a report to the money laundering reporting officer, for five years starting from –

Consolidated text

- (i) in the case of a report or a disclosure in relation to a business relationship, the date the business relationship ceased, or
 - (ii) in the case of a report or a disclosure in relation to an occasional transaction, the date that transaction was completed,
- (b) any training carried out under regulation 13 for five years starting from the date the training was carried out,
- (c) any minutes or other documents prepared pursuant to regulation 15(c) until –
- (i) the expiry of a period of five years starting from the date they were finalised, or
 - (ii) they are superseded by later minutes or other documents prepared under that regulation,
- whichever occurs later, and
- (d) its policies, procedures and controls which it is required to establish and maintain pursuant to these Regulations, until the expiry of a period of five years starting from the date that they ceased to be operative.
- (4) Documents and customer due diligence information, including

any copies thereof, kept under this regulation –

(a) may be kept in any manner or form, provided that they are readily retrievable, and

[(b) must be made available promptly –

(i) to an auditor, and

(ii) to any police officer, the Financial Intelligence Service, the Commission or any other person, where such documents or customer due diligence information are requested pursuant to these Regulations or any relevant enactment.]

NOTE

In regulation 14, paragraph (4)(b) was substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010, regulation 3, with effect from 21st June, 2010.³

Ensuring compliance, corporate responsibility and related requirements.

15. [(1)] A financial services business must, in addition to complying with the preceding requirements of these Regulations –

(a) establish such other policies, procedures and controls as may be appropriate and effective for the purposes of forestalling, preventing and detecting money laundering and terrorist financing,

Consolidated text

- (b) establish and maintain an effective policy, for which responsibility must be taken by the board, for the review of its compliance with the requirements of these Regulations and such policy shall include provision as to the extent and frequency of such reviews,

- (c) ensure that a review of its compliance with these Regulations is discussed and minuted at a meeting of the board at appropriate intervals, and in considering what is appropriate a financial services business must have regard to the risk taking into account –
 - (i) the size, nature and complexity of the financial services business,

 - (ii) its customers, products and services, and

 - (iii) the ways in which it provides those products and services,

- (d) [subject to paragraph (2)] ensure that any of its branch offices and, where it is a body corporate, any body corporate of which it is the majority shareholder, which, in either case, is a financial services business in any country or territory outside the Bailiwick, complies there with –
 - (i) the requirements of these Regulations, and

- (ii) any requirements under the law applicable in that country or territory which are consistent with the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering,

[provided that, where requirements under subparagraphs (i) and (ii) differ, a financial services business must ensure that the requirement which provides the highest standard of compliance, by reference to the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering, is complied with].

[(2) The obligation under paragraph (1)(d) applies to the extent that the law of the relevant country or territory allows and if the law of that country or territory does not so allow in relation to any requirement of these Regulations, the financial services business must notify the Commission accordingly.]

NOTE

In regulation 15, first, paragraph (1) was renumbered, second, the words in, first, the first and, second, the second pairs of square brackets in paragraph (1)(d) (as so renumbered) were, respectively, inserted and substituted and, third, paragraph (2) was inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010, respectively regulation 4(1), regulation 4(2)(a), regulation 4(2)(b) and regulation 4(3), with effect from 21st June, 2010.

[PART IIIA
REQUIREMENT TO REGISTER IN CERTAIN CASES

Application of Part.

15A. This Part applies to those persons who are financial services businesses by virtue of falling within paragraphs 20 to 23 of Part I of Schedule 1 to the Law and who are also financial services businesses by virtue of falling within paragraphs 4 or 5 ("money or value transfer services") or 12 or 13 ("money or currency changing services") of the said Part I.]

NOTE

Part IIIA, and regulation 15A thereof, were inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(4), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

[Requirement to register.

15B. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), a financial services business to which this Part applies must be registered by the Commission for the purposes of this Part.

(2) A financial services business which, immediately prior to the commencement of this Part, is carrying on, and continues to carry on, money or value transfer services or money or currency changing services, shall not, during a period of one month immediately following the commencement of this Part, be guilty of an offence under regulation 17(1) provided that an application for registration in accordance with regulation 15C is submitted before the expiration of that period.]

NOTE

Regulation 15B was inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(4), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

[Application for registration.]

15C. A financial services business to which this Part applies shall apply to the Commission in such form and manner as the Commission may determine; and such application shall be accompanied by a statement of –

- (a) the legal name and any trading names of the applicant,
- (b) its principal place of business and any other business addresses in the Bailiwick, and
- (c) details of the type of money or value transfer services or money or currency changing services provided.]

NOTE

Regulation 15C was inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(4), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

[General requirements.]

15D. A financial services business which has been registered under this Part must inform the Commission of any change to the information given to the Commission for the purposes of its application for registration under Regulation 15C, or to any information given to the Commission thereafter –

- (a) prior to making such a change, or

- (b) where a change is sudden or unexpected, promptly after such change is made,

and for the purposes of this paragraph a change to such information shall include the intention to cease providing money or value transfer services or money currency or changing services.]

NOTE

Regulation 15D was inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(4), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

[List of, and information as to, financial services businesses registered under Part IIIA.]

15E. (1) The Commission shall –

- (a) establish and maintain, in such form as the Commission may determine, a list of all financial services businesses which are for the time being registered under this Part,
- (b) make available to any person, on request and on payment of such charge (if any) as the Commission may reasonably demand to cover the cost of preparation, a copy of that list, and
- (c) publish a copy of the list on the Commission's official website.

Consolidated text

(2) The list maintained under paragraph (1) shall contain, in relation to each financial services business registered under this Part –

(a) a statement of –

(i) the legal name and any trading names of the business,

(ii) its principal place of business and any other business addresses in the Bailiwick, and

(iii) details of the type or types of financial services business (falling within paragraph 4 or 5, ("money or value transfer services") or 12 or 13 ("money or currency changing services ") by virtue of which it is a financial services business, and

(b) such other particulars as the Commission may determine.

(3) If at any time it appears to the Commission that the list maintained under paragraph (1), or any particular contained in an entry in that list, is, for any reason, inaccurate, the Commission shall make such addition, erasure or other alteration to that list or entry as the Commission considers necessary.

(4) The Commission may give public notice of the fact that a particular financial services business has been registered, or has ceased to be registered, under this Part.]

NOTE

Regulation 15E was inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(4), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

[PART IIIB

DESIGNATION OF SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

Guernsey Financial Services Commission.

15F. (1) The Commission is prescribed as the supervisory authority with responsibility for monitoring and enforcing compliance by financial services businesses with regulations and other measures made or issued under the Law, or any other enactment, for the purpose of forestalling, preventing or detecting money laundering and terrorist financing.

(2) The Commission is also designated as the competent authority –

(a) to register financial service businesses under Part IIIA,
and

(b) to register financial businesses under section 2 of the
Registration of Non-Regulated Financial Services
Businesses (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2008.

(3) For the purpose of paragraph (1), "**measures**" includes rules, guidance, instructions, notices and other similar instruments.]

NOTE

Part IIIB, and regulation 15F thereof, were inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010, regulation 5, with effect from 21st June, 2010.

**PART IV
MISCELLANEOUS**

Notification etc.

- 16.** (1) ...
- (2) ...
- (3) ...
- (4) ...

(5) Any person who is a financial services business by virtue of providing money or value transmission services shall maintain a current list of its agents for such services, which shall be made available to the Commission on demand.

NOTE

In regulation 16, paragraph (1), paragraph (2), paragraph (3) and paragraph (4) were revoked by the Registration of Non-Regulated Financial Services Businesses (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2008, section 45, with effect from 9th July, 2008.

Offences as to false and misleading information.

16A. If a person –

- (a) in connection with an application for, or for the purposes of obtaining, a registration under Part IIIA of these Regulations,
- (b) in purported compliance with a requirement imposed by these Regulations, or
- (c) otherwise than as mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) but in circumstances in which that person intends, or could reasonably be expected to know, that any statement, information or document provided by him would or might be used by the Commission for the purpose of exercising its functions conferred by these Regulations,

does any of the following –

- (i) makes a statement which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be false, deceptive or misleading in a material particular,
- (ii) dishonestly or otherwise, recklessly makes a statement which is false, deceptive or misleading in a material particular,

- (iii) produces or furnishes or causes or permits to be produced or furnished any information or document which he knows or has reasonable cause to believe to be false, deceptive or misleading in a material particular, or
- (iv) dishonestly or otherwise, recklessly produces or furnishes or recklessly causes or permits to be produced or furnished any information or document which is false, deceptive or misleading in a material particular,

he is guilty of an offence and liable on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment not exceeding a term of five years or a fine or both or on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding level 5 on the uniform scale or both.]

NOTE

Regulation 16A was inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(5), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

Offences.

17. (1) Any person who contravenes any requirement of these Regulations shall be guilty of an offence and liable –

- (a) on conviction on indictment, to imprisonment not exceeding a term of five years or a fine or both,

- (b) on summary conviction, to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or a fine not exceeding level 5 on the Uniform Scale or both.

(2) ...

(3) ...

(4) ...

NOTE

In regulation 17, paragraph (2), paragraph (3) and paragraph (4) were revoked by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(6), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

Amendment to the Law.

18. (1) The Law shall be amended as follows.

(2) For Schedule 1 to the Law substitute the Schedule 1 set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

Interpretation.

19. (1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires –

"**2002 Regulations**" means the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations, 2002,

"**account**" means a bank account and any other business relationship between a financial services business and a customer which is of a similar

nature having regard to the services offered by the financial services business,

["appendix C business" means –

- (a) a financial services business supervised by the Commission, or
- (b) a business which is carried on from –
 - (i) a country or territory listed in Appendix C to the Handbook and which would, if it were carried on in the Bailiwick, be a financial services business, or
 - (ii) the United Kingdom, the Bailiwick of Jersey, the Bailiwick of Guernsey or the Isle of Man by a lawyer or an accountant,

and, in either case, is a business –

- (A) which may only be carried on in that country or territory by a person regulated for that purpose under the law of that country or territory,
- (B) the conduct of which is subject to requirements to forestall, prevent and detect money laundering and terrorist financing that are consistent with those

in the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering in respect of such a business, and

- (C) the conduct of which is supervised for compliance with the requirements referred to in subparagraph (B), by the Commission or an overseas regulatory authority,]

"Bailiwick" means the Bailiwick of Guernsey,

"bank" means a person who accepts deposits, including a person who does so in a country or territory outside the Bailiwick, in the course of carrying on a deposit-taking business within the meaning of the Banking Supervision (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1994^e and related expressions shall be construed accordingly,

"beneficial owner" means, in relation to a business relationship or occasional transaction –

- (a) the natural person who ultimately owns or controls the customer, and
- (b) a person on whose behalf the business relationship or occasional transaction is to be or is being conducted

^e No. XIII of 1994 as amended by No. XVII and XXI of 2002, No. XVI of 2003 and [No of 2007 and Guernsey S.I. No. of 2007.]

and, in the case of a [foundation or] trust or other legal arrangement, this shall mean –

(i) any beneficiary in whom an interest has vested,
and

[(ii) any other person who benefits from that foundation or trust or other legal arrangement,]

"board" means –

(a) the board of directors of a financial services business, where it is a body corporate, or

(b) the senior management of a financial services business, where it is not a body corporate,

"business relationship" means a business, professional or commercial relationship between a financial services business and a customer which is expected by the financial services business, at the time when contact is established, to have an element of duration,]

"business risk assessment" means an assessment which documents the exposure of a business to money laundering and terrorist financing risks, and vulnerabilities, [...] taking into account its –

(a) size, nature and complexity, and

(b) customers, products and services and the ways in which it provides those services,

"the Commission" means the Guernsey Financial Services Commission established by the Financial Services Commission (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987^f,

"correspondent banking relationship" means a business relationship which involves the provision of banking services by one bank (**"the correspondent bank"**) to another bank (**"the respondent bank"**),

"customer" means a person or legal arrangement who is seeking –

- (a) to establish or has established, a business relationship with a financial services business, or
- (b) to carry out, or has carried out, an occasional transaction with a financial services business,

except that where such a person or legal arrangement is an introducer, the customer is the person or legal arrangement on whose behalf the introducer is seeking to establish or has established the business relationship,

"customer due diligence" means the steps which a financial services business is required to carry out pursuant to regulation 4(3),

"customer due diligence information" means –

^f Ordres en Conseil Vol. XXX, p. 243, Orders in Council No. XX of 1991, No. XIII of 1994, No. II of 1997, No. II of 1998 and Nos. XVII and XXI of 2002, No. XXII of 2003 and Ordinance No. XXXIV of 2005.

- (a) identification data, and
- (b) any account files and correspondence relating to the business relationship or occasional transaction,

"Disclosure Law" means the Disclosure (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2007,

"document" includes information recorded in any form (including, without limitation, in electronic form),

"employee" means an individual working, including on a temporary basis, for a. financial services business whether under a contract of employment, a contract for services or otherwise,

"enactment" includes a Law, an Ordinance or any subordinate legislation and any provision or portion of a Law, an Ordinance or any subordinate legislation,

"enhanced customer due diligence" shall be construed in accordance with regulation 5(2)(a),

["Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering" means the International Standards on Combating Money Laundering and the Financing of Terrorism & Proliferation issued by the Financial Action Task Force as revised or reissued from time to time,]

["Financial Intelligence Service" means the division of the Financial Investigation Unit, comprising those police officers and other persons assigned to the division for the purpose of the receipt, analysis and

dissemination within the Bailiwick, and elsewhere, of disclosures which are more commonly known or referred to as suspicious transaction reports or suspicious activity reports,]

["Financial Investigation Unit" means that branch of the Customs and Immigration Service responsible for the investigation of financial and economic crime,]

"financial services business" means any business specified in Schedule 1 to the Law [and includes, unless the context otherwise requires, a person carrying on such a business],

["foundation" means –

- (a) a foundation created under the Foundations (Guernsey) Law, 2012 or
- (b) an equivalent or similar body created or established under the law of another jurisdiction (and howsoever named),]

["foundation official" means –

- (a) in relation to a foundation created under the Foundations (Guernsey) Law, 2012, a foundation official within the meaning of that Law, and
- (b) in relation to an equivalent or similar body created or established under the law of another jurisdiction, a person with functions corresponding to those of a

foundation official described in subparagraph (a),]

["**founder**" means –

- (a) in relation to a foundation created under the Foundations (Guernsey) Law, 2012, a founder within the meaning of that Law, and
- (b) in relation to an equivalent or similar body created or established under the law of another jurisdiction, a person corresponding to a founder described in subparagraph (a),]

"Handbook" means the Handbook for Financial Services Businesses on Countering Financial Crime and Terrorist Financing as revised or re-issued from time to time by the Commission,

"high risk relationship" means a business relationship or an occasional transaction which has a high risk of involving money laundering or terrorist financing and related terms shall be construed accordingly,

"identification data" means documents which are from a reliable and independent source,

"intermediary" means –

- (a) a financial services business, or
- (b) a firm of lawyers, or estate agents, operating in Guernsey,

which is considered as being the customer of a financial services business when establishing a business relationship, or undertaking an occasional transaction, in accordance with chapter 6 of the Handbook,

"introducer" means [a financial services business, lawyer or accountant who] is seeking to establish or has established, on behalf of another person or legal arrangement who is its customer, a business relationship with [a financial services business],

"the Law" means the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1999,

"legal arrangement" means an express trust or any other vehicle whatsoever which has a similar legal effect,

"low risk relationship" means a business relationship or an occasional transaction which has a low risk of involving money laundering or terrorist financing and related terms shall be construed accordingly,

"minimum retention period" means –

(a) in the case of any customer due diligence information –

(i) a period of five years starting from the date –

(A) where the customer has established a business relationship with the financial services business, that relationship

ceased,

(B) where the customer has carried out an occasional transaction with the financial services business, that transaction was completed, or

(ii) such other longer period as the Commission may direct,

(b) in the case of a transaction document –

(i) a period of five years starting from the date that both the transaction and any related transaction were completed, or

(ii) such other longer period as the Commission may direct,

"money laundering" is any act which –

(a) constitutes an offence under section 38, 39 or 40 of the Law,

(b) constitutes an offence under section 57, 58 or 59 of the Drug Trafficking (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2000^g,

^g Order in Council No. VII of 2000 as amended by Order in Council No. II of 2005.

Consolidated text

- (c) constitutes an attempt, conspiracy or incitement to commit an offence specified in paragraph (a) or (b),
- (d) constitutes aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of an offence specified in paragraph (a) or (b), or
- (e) would constitute an offence specified in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) if done in the Bailiwick,

irrespective of the value of the property involved and for the purposes of this definition having possession of any property shall be taken to be doing an act in relation to it,

"money laundering reporting officer" means a manager, partner or director –

- (a) appointed by a financial services business to have responsibility for compliance with policies, procedures and controls to forestall, prevent and detect money laundering and terrorist financing, and
- (b) nominated by a financial services business to receive disclosures under Part I of the Disclosure Law and section 15 of the Terrorism Law,

"notify" means notify in writing,

"occasional transaction" means any transaction involving more than

£10,000, carried out by the financial services business in question in the course of that business, where no business relationship has been proposed or established and includes such transactions carried out in a single operation or two or more operations that appear to be linked,

"police officer" has the meaning in section 51(1) of the Law,

"politically exposed person" shall be construed in accordance with regulation 5(2)(b),

"relevant employees" means any –

- (a) member of the board,
- (b) member of the management of the financial services business, and
- (c) employees whose duties relate to the financial services business,

"relevant enactments" means –

- (a) ...
- (b) ...
- (c) the Law,
- (d) the Drug Trafficking (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2000,

- (e) ...
- [(f) the Terrorist Asset-Freezing (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2011,]
- [(g) the Al-Qaida and Taliban (Freezing of Funds) (Guernsey) Ordinance, 2011,]
- (h) the Terrorism Law,
- (i) the Disclosure Law,
- (j) the Transfer of Funds (Guernsey) Ordinance, 2007^m,
- (k) the Transfer of Funds (Alderney) Ordinance, 2007ⁿ,
- (l) the Transfer of Funds (Sark) Ordinance, 2007,
- [(m) the Disclosure (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations, 2007,
- (n) the Terrorism and Crime (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations, 2007,
- (o) the Registration of Non-Regulated Financial Services Businesses (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2008,]

^m Ordinance No. of 2007.

ⁿ Alderney Ordinance No. of 2007.

and such enactments relating to money laundering and terrorist financing as may be enacted from time to time in the Bailiwick,

"risk" means a risk of money laundering or terrorist financing occurring and "risk assessment" shall be construed accordingly,

"subordinate legislation" means any ordinance, statutory instrument, regulation, rule, order, notice, rule of court, resolution, scheme, warrant, byelaw or other instrument made under any enactment and having legislative effect,

"Terrorism Law" means the Terrorism and Crime (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2002,

"terrorist financing" means doing any act which –

- (a) constitutes an offence under section 8, 9, 10 or 11 of the Terrorism Law[, or section 9, 10, 11, 12 or 13 of the Terrorist Asset-Freezing (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2011][, or section 2 or 3 of the Al-Qaida and Taliban (Freezing of Funds) (Guernsey) Ordinance, 2011] and, for the purposes of this definition, the **"purposes of terrorism"** shall include, to the extent that they do not already do so –
 - (i) any attempt, conspiracy or incitement to carry out terrorism within the meaning of section 1 of the Terrorism Law, or

Consolidated text

- (ii) aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the carrying out of such terrorism,
- (b) constitutes an attempt, conspiracy or incitement to commit an offence specified in paragraph (a),
- (c) constitutes aiding, abetting, counselling or procuring the commission of an offence specified in paragraph (a), or
- (d) would, in the case of an act done otherwise than in the Bailiwick, constitute an offence specified in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) if done in the Bailiwick,

irrespective of the value of the property involved, and for the purposes of this definition having possession of any property shall be taken to be doing an act in relation to it,

"transaction document" means a document which is a record of a transaction carried out by a financial services business with a customer or an introducer,

"underlying principal" means, in relation to a business relationship or occasional transaction, any person who is not a beneficial owner but who

–

- [(a) is a settlor, trustee, protector or enforcer of a trust, or a founder or foundation official of a foundation which is the customer or the beneficiaries of which are the beneficial owners, or]

- (b) exercises ultimate effective control over the customer or exercises or is to exercise such control over the business relationship or occasional transaction,

and in this definition "**protector**" has the meaning in section 58 of the Regulation of Fiduciaries, Administration Businesses and Company Directors, etc (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2000^o.

(2) A reference to an enactment is to that enactment as from time to time amended, repealed and replaced, extended or applied by or under any other enactment.

(3) The Interpretation (Guernsey) Law, 1948^P applies to the interpretation of these Regulations.

NOTES

In regulation 19,

the definition of the expression "appendix C business" in paragraph (1) was substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(7)(a), with effect from 8th September, 2008;

in paragraph (1) thereof, first, the words in square brackets in subparagraph (b) of the definition of the expression "beneficial owner" were inserted, second, subparagraph (b)(ii) thereof was substituted, third, the definition of the expression "business relationship" was substituted, fourth, the definition of the expression "Financial Action Task Force Recommendations on Money Laundering" was substituted, fifth, the

^o Order in Council No. I of 2001, amended by No. XIV of 2003 [and No. of 2007 and Guernsey S.I. No. [] of 2007].

^P Ordres en Conseil Vol. XIII, p. 355.

definitions of the expressions "foundation", "foundation official" and "founder" were inserted, sixth, subparagraph (f) and subparagraph (g) of the definition of the expression "relevant enactments" were substituted, seventh, the words in the second pair of square brackets in the definition of the expression "terrorist financing" were inserted and, eighth, subparagraph (a) of the definition of the expression "underlying principal" was substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2013, regulation 5, respectively paragraph (a)(i), paragraph (a)(ii), paragraph (b), paragraph (c), paragraph (d), paragraph (e), paragraph (f) and paragraph (g), with effect from 28th March, 2013;

first, the word omitted in square brackets in the definition of the expression "business risk assessment" in paragraph (1) was revoked, second, the words in square brackets in the definition of the expression "financial services business" in paragraph (1) were inserted, third, the words in the first and second pairs of square brackets in the definition of the expression "introducer" in paragraph (1) were substituted and, fourth, the words in square brackets in the definition of the expression "relevant enactment" in paragraph (1) were inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, respectively regulation 1(7)(b), regulation 1(7)(d), regulation 1(7)(e) and regulation 1(7)(f), with effect from 8th September, 2008;

the definition of the expression "Financial Intelligence Service" in paragraph (1) (which was originally inserted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(7)(c), with effect from 8th September, 2008) was substituted by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010, regulation 6(a), with effect from 21st June, 2010;

the definition of the expression "Financial Investigation Unit" in paragraph (1) was inserted, and subparagraph (a), subparagraph (b) and subparagraph (e) of the definition of the expression "relevant enactments" in paragraph (1) were revoked by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) (No. 2) Regulations, 2010, respectively regulation 6(b) and regulation 6(c), with effect from 21st June, 2010;

the words and figures in the first pair of square brackets in the definition of the expression "terrorist financing" in paragraph (1) were inserted by the Terrorist Asset-Freezing (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2011, section 36, Schedule, paragraph 6, with effect from 25th January, 2012.

Revocation.

20. The 2002 Regulations and the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2006^q are hereby revoked.

^q Guernsey S. I. No. 43 of 2006.

SCHEDULE
AMENDMENT TO THE LAW

Regulation 18

"SCHEDULE 1
FINANCIAL SERVICES BUSINESSES

Section 49

1. The businesses specified in Part I are financial services businesses for the purposes of this Law except where they are incidental or other activities falling within Part II, however, those businesses specified in paragraphs 2 to 19 are only financial services businesses when carried on by way of business.

PART I
BUSINESSES

2. Lending (including, without limitation, the provision of consumer credit or mortgage credit, factoring with or without recourse, financing of commercial transactions (including forfeiting) and advancing loans against cheques).

3. Financial leasing.

4. Operating a money service business (including, without limitation, a business providing money or value transmission services, currency exchange (bureau de change) and cheque cashing).

5. Facilitating or transmitting money or value through an informal money or value transfer System or network.

6. Issuing, redeeming, managing or administering means of

payment, means of payment includes, without limitation, credit, charge and debit cards, cheques, travellers' cheques, money orders and bankers' drafts.

7. Providing financial guarantees or commitments.

8. Trading for account of customers (by way of spot, forward, swaps, futures, options, etc.) in –

(a) money market instruments (including, without limitation, cheques, bills and certificates of deposit),

(b) foreign exchange, exchange, interest rate or index instruments, and

(c) commodity futures, transferable securities or other negotiable instruments or financial assets, including, without limitation, bullion.

9. Participating in securities issues, including, without limitation, underwriting or placement as agent (whether publicly or privately).

10. Providing settlement or clearing services for financial assets including, without limitation, securities, derivative products or other negotiable instruments.

11. Providing advice to undertakings on capital structure, industrial strategy or related questions, on mergers or the purchase of undertakings.

- 12.** Money broking.
- 13.** Money changing.
- 14.** Providing individual or collective portfolio management services or advice.
- 15.** Providing safe custody services.
- 16.** Providing services for the safekeeping or administration of cash or liquid securities on behalf of clients.
- 17.** Carrying on the business of a credit union.
- 18.** Accepting repayable funds other than deposits.
- 19.** The provision of services in relation to any of the financial services businesses falling within paragraphs 2 to 18.
- 20.** Accepting deposits in the course of carrying on "deposit-taking business" as defined in the Banking Supervision (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1994.
- 21.** Carrying on "controlled investment business" as defined in the Protection of Investors (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1987.
- 22.** Carrying on "insurance business" as defined in the Insurance Business (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2002, or doing anything –

- (a) which can only lawfully be done under the authority of a licence of the Commission under the Insurance Managers and Insurance Intermediaries (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2002, or
- (b) the doing of which is specifically exempted by that Law from the requirement to hold such a licence.

23. Carrying on "regulated activities" as defined in the Regulation of Fiduciaries, Administration Businesses and Company Directors, etc. (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2000, in circumstances where the activity is prohibited except under the authority and in accordance with the conditions of a licence granted by the Commission under section 6 of that Law (a "fiduciary licence").

PART II

INCIDENTAL AND OTHER ACTIVITIES

- 24.** (1) Any financial services business falling within paragraphs 2 to 19 carried out in the course of carrying on the profession of –
- (a) a lawyer where such business is incidental to the provision of legal advice or services,
 - (b) an accountant where such business is incidental to the provision of accountancy advice or services,

Consolidated text

- (c) an actuary where such business is incidental to the provision of actuarial advice or services.

(2) For the purposes of this paragraph, business is incidental to the provision of such advice or services, if –

- (a) separate remuneration is not being given for the business as well as for such advice or services,
- (b) such advice or services is not itself financial services business falling within paragraphs 2 to 19, and
- (c) the business being carried out is incidental to the main purpose for which that advice or services is provided.

25. The carrying on of any financial service business –

- (a) by way of the provision of in-house legal, accountancy or actuarial advice or services to any business referred to in paragraphs 2 to 23, or
- (b) in the course of carrying on the profession (respectively) of a lawyer, accountant or actuary for any client carrying on such a business.

26. Any financial services business falling within any of paragraphs 2, 3, 7, 9 and 11 or falling within paragraph 19 by virtue of it being a service carried out in relation to any such business described in those paragraphs where that business is only carried on by a body corporate ("**first company**") in the course of providing services to another body corporate –

- (a) of which the first company is the sole shareholder,
- (b) which is the first company's sole shareholder,
or
- (c) which has the same sole shareholder as the first company. ".⁴

EXPLANATORY NOTE

*(This note is not part of the Regulations)***

These Regulations impose requirements on financial services businesses for the purpose of forestalling and preventing money laundering and terrorist financing.

They revoke and replace the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Regulations, 2002 ("**2002 Regulations**") which also imposed such requirements.

The new Regulations contain significant differences to the 2002 Regulations to reflect revised international recommendations relating to money laundering and terrorist financing.

In particular they contain new obligations relating to carrying out risk assessments in relation to a financial service business as a whole and each business relationship it has with a customer (regulation 3), more precise requirements relating to the identification of persons on whose behalf transactions are carried out or who have effective control over customers (regulation 4), the timing of customer due diligence (regulation 7), provisions relating to the maintenance of customer accounts and carrying on business with shell banks (regulation 8), the monitoring of business relationships (regulation 11) and ensuring compliance and corporate responsibility for compliance (regulation 15).

The Regulations also substitute the definition of "financial services business" in Schedule 1 to the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1999 (regulation 18 and the Schedule). The main changes of principle to that definition include that there is an express reference to anything that can only lawfully be done by licence or is exempted from that requirement under the Insurance Managers and Insurance Intermediaries (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2002. The provisions excluding certain incidental and other activities carried on by lawyers, accountants, actuaries and within a group of companies have been reworded and included in a new Part II to the Schedule.

Part I of the Regulations contains the requirements relating to risk assessment, Part II the requirements relating to customer due diligence including where enhanced due diligence must be carried out or where reduced or simplified due diligence may be carried out. Part III contains the requirements on financial services businesses to

** The text of this Explanatory Note is as it was when the Statutory Instrument was first made – that is to say that the Explanatory Note has not been updated to take account of any changes made by subsequent amending Statutory Instruments with their own Explanatory Notes.

ensure their compliance with the Regulations, on record keeping and on internal reporting of suspicious transactions and employee training. Part IV provides for offences and penalties and makes similar provision to the 2002 Regulations by requiring specified financial services businesses, not licensed under the main financial services regulatory legislation, to notify certain information to the Guernsey Financial Services Commission; it also contains a new obligation on persons providing money or value transmission services to maintain a list of agents.

A Court must take into account rules and guidance contained in the Guernsey Financial Services Commission's Handbook for Financial Services Businesses on Countering Financial Crime and Terrorist Financing in determining whether a financial services business has complied with these Regulations.

¹ The words revoked were previously, in part, inserted the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2009, regulation 2(c), with effect from 6th July, 2009.

² Prior to its substitution, paragraph (2) was amended by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2008, regulation 1(2), with effect from 8th September, 2008.

³ Prior to its substitution, paragraph (4)(b) was amended by the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Financial Services Businesses) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) (Amendment) Regulations, 2009, regulation 4, with effect from 6th July, 2009.

⁴ For subsequent amendments to this Schedule as substituted, see the consolidated text of the Criminal Justice (Proceeds of Crime) (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 1999.