



Reporting Suspicion Workshop

Fiona Crocker, Nick Herquin and Wade Hodgson - Financial Crime Division

David Ecuyer – Financial Intelligence Unit



FATF's expectations for effective SAR reporting



Technical - Legal framework requiring reports to be made promptly to the FIS incl. attempted transactions



Effectiveness - How well do firms detect and report suspicious activity?



Assessed by interviews <u>and</u> evidence – firms' policies & procedures, SAR statistics, authorities' feedback to industry

Slido Question 1

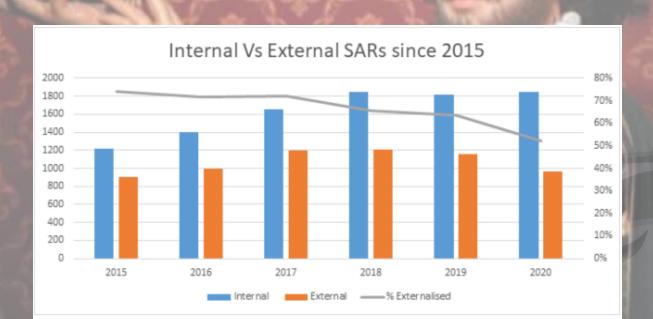
Do you think the Bailiwick's finance sector is making enough suspicious activity reports?

- (a) Yes
- (b) No



Internal and External SARs patterns

To report, or not to report ... THAT is the question.



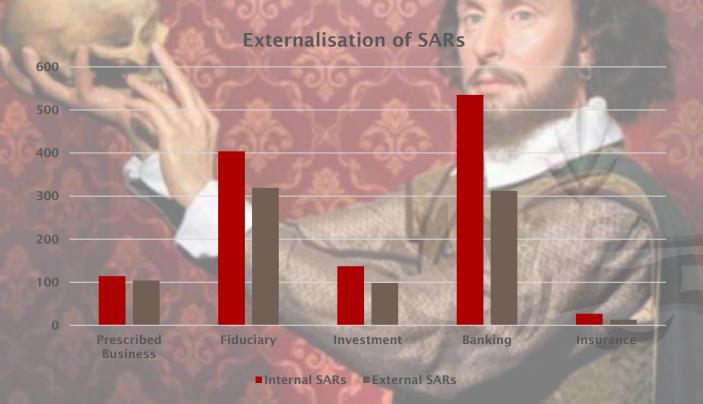
Slido Question 2

Why do think the number of internal SARs exceeds the number of externalised SARs in certain sectors?

- (a) Employees are advised to report anything unusual;
- (b) The MLRO is carefully vetting internal suspicions;
- (c) Poor quality internal reporting;
- (d) All of the above

Sector SAR Statistics - 2020 FCRR data

To report, or not to report ... THAT is the question.



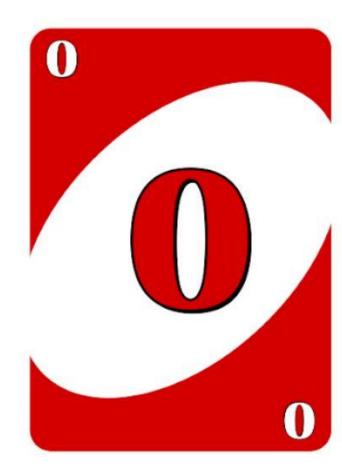
No SAR reports to the FIS

Fund Administrator

- AUM £8.5Bn, 791 clients
- 6% HR, 1.5% PEPs
- 4 internal SARs in 4 years

Fiduciary

- AUM £4Bn, 194 clients
- 23% HR, 13% PEPs
- No internal SARs in 4 years



Are you reporting – if not why?



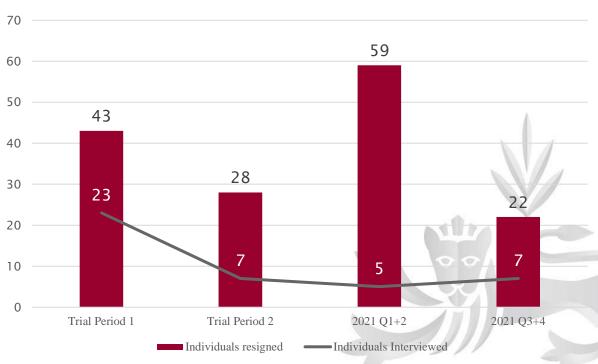
Slido Question 3

Which of the following do you think is the key concern that keeps an MLRO up at night?

- (a) The business model is high risk;
- (b) The individual is holding multiple MLRO/MLCO appointments;
- (c) They have additional duties such as data protection, CRS, prudential compliance;
- (d) They have client facing duties.

MLRO Exit Interviews

2020-2021 MLRO Interview Stats





Capability

A pivotal role.

Essential to have the appropriate:

- knowledge,
- skill and experience,
- sufficient resources



Capability and Capacity – Public Statement

Appointed to the role of MLRO and Compliance Officer in 2014 with <u>no previous experience</u>

The individual did not have:

- the time,
- or the experience,
- or the expertise

to fulfil the requirements of the role.



Capability and Capacity – Public Statement The MLRO failed to:

- follow up risk warnings or address compliance failures;
- adequately warn the Board of the compliance risks faced;
- make clear to the Board the seriousness of the compliance situation and lack of resources

Fine and prohibition imposed

Capabilities and Capacity – Case Study 2



- Identified an appropriate internal candidate
- Implemented a structured plan, targeted training, KPI's and a shadowing period

Who is responsible for SARs?





What we think boards should ensure is covered in SAR procedures.



Slido Question 4

Will the MLRO be committing a tipping off offence if they disclose the fact that a SAR has been externalised to:

- (a) a Board member;
- (b) a Group AML/CFT function;
- (c) a Board member and Group
- AML/CFT function or
- (d) None of the above

HM Procurer Response – October 2011

"For the avoidance of doubt it is confirmed that no prosecutions will be brought against persons who disclose the fact that a SAR has been or will be made,

- if the disclosure is made by one member of an organisation to another for the purposes of discharging AML/CFT responsibilities and functions.
- This will also be the case in respect of a disclosure made to linked organisations such as head offices or other branches of the same institution, again providing that it is made to discharge AML/CFT responsibilities and functions."

Management Information

At least one third of **boards** are **not** receiving sufficient MI to meet the minimum requirements specified by the Handbook.

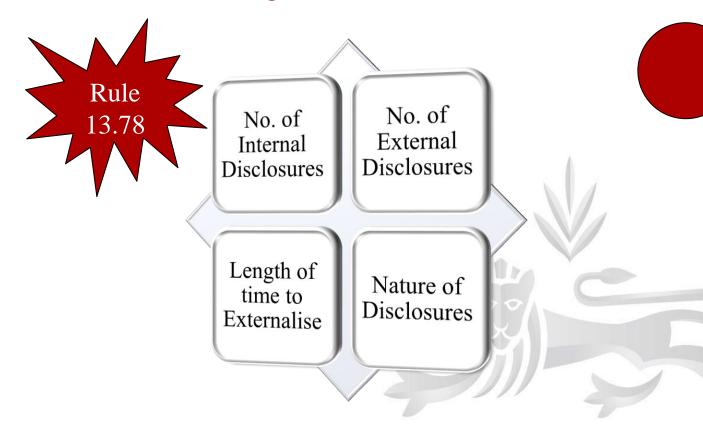


Management Information – Case Study 5

An extract from a 2020 board report:

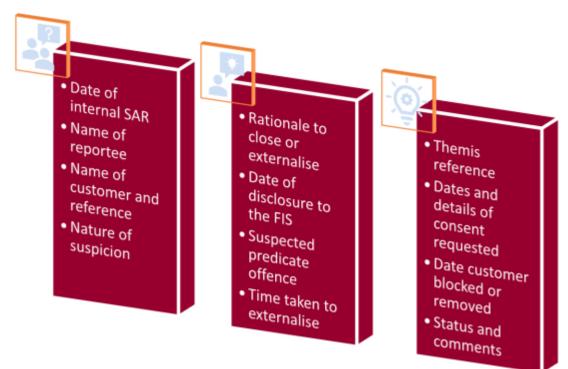
"In the period under review there have been <u>several</u> internal STRs [SARs] received and <u>some</u> submissions to the FIS."

Minimum Management Information



SAR Register – Case Study 12

Good Quality MI = Good Record Keeping



Slido Question 5

How does the Board ensure that the SAR Procedures and controls are operating effectively?:

- (a) Reliance is placed on the MLRO to tell you;
- (b) It forms part of the compliance monitoring programme overseen by the MLCO;
- (c) Tested by internal/external audit function; or
- (d) Independent review by a Board member

Testing Procedures & Controls

Only <u>one third</u> of firms conducted tests that examined the SAR procedures and controls



Financial Intelligence Unit Update

David Ecuyer Operations Manager (FIU)



- Re-branding FIS to FIU
- Changes to the Criminal Justice Framework
- Guernsey Integrated Money Laundering Terrorist
 Financing Taskforce
- Pandora Papers
- SAR Quality
- SAR Guidance
- Consent Guidance



Re-Branding FIU

- o 2021 re-branding
- o Recommendation 29 FIU (no change)
- Operational independence and autonomy
- The Economic and Financial Crime Bureau & Financial Intelligence
 Unit (Bailiwick of Guernsey) Law, 2021
- Part III The FIU No Changes to the Reporting Regime
- Receipt, analysis and dissemination (Disclosures)
- Part I Disclosure Law
- o Part III Terrorism & Crime Law

Criminal Justice Framework

- Consultation Paper issued (15th October 2021) on revisions to the Criminal Justice Framework
- o Introduce summary forfeiture in 'no consent' cases
- Jersey model
- Failure to satisfy court property is tainted
- \circ 12 months proof
- Effective mechanism longstanding 'no consent'

GIMLIT

(Guernsey Integrated Money Laundering & Terrorist Financing Intelligence)

- Consultation Paper results (22)
- Key areas of concern
- Legislation / Policy issues (law, purpose, powers, tipping off, MOU)
- Operational issues (resources, data protection, information sharing, membership)
- Other issues (intel v evidence, timely, implementation, "fishing")
- Pilot scheme
- Quad island approach
- Way forward Joint Money Laundering Intelligence Task Force

GIMLIT Reporting Regime

- Obligation remains the same
- Knowledge or Suspicion?
- GIMLIT Request Do I file a SAR?
 - Information from FIU/Law Enforcement
 - Client Review
 - Outcome knowledge or suspicion
- Reporting to GIMLIT
 - Requests via THEMIS
 - Responses via THEMIS (SAR or other means?)

Pandora Papers

- Offshore havens and hidden riches of world leaders –
 exposed
- Impact on Guernsey as an international finance centre
- Strategic analysis risk / exposure
- Monitoring
- Reporting (internal / external)
- Threat and risk (moderate to low)

Money Laundering Risks

National Risk Assessment

RESIDUAL RISK RATING	SECTOR/PRODUCT
Very much higher	
Much higher	
Higher	Private banking sector
	TCSP sector (legal persons and legal arrangements)
	Foreign legal persons
	Domestic legal persons and legal arrangements (cross-border activity
	apart from retirement/pension solutions)
Medium Higher	Retail banking sector
	Investment sector (asset management etc.)
Medium	Investment sector (collective investment schemes)
	Legal sector
	Foreign legal arrangements

Board of Directors

- o FIU letter 2020 / 2021
- All Banks, Fiduciaries (including Personal), Law Firms and Investment and Securities
- A request for the Board of Directors to;
- o Review standard of SARs meet the guidance issued in October 2019
- Confirm a review had been undertaken and improve internal policies,
 procedures and controls
- Confirm quarterly summary of THEMIS notices
- o Confirm all THEMIS notices are read and actioned

FIU / GFSC Collaboration Reporting Suspicion

- o GFSC Reporting Suspicion Thematic Review (2020)
- Policies and Procedures lacking content in the reporting process
- Reliance on the MLRO
- o FIU letters 2020 / 2021
- End of 2021 all firms have updated policies and procedures on how suspicion is handled, reported, recorded and managed
- o FIU will be reviewing SAR content
- o Interaction with GFSC on areas of risk or concern identified

Financial Intelligence 'A Valuable Tool'



Provides information on suspects movements



Locates and identifies suspects, witnesses and victims



Extracts Data /
Emerging
Technologies



Identifies World-wide Assets



Identifies associations and links to people and places

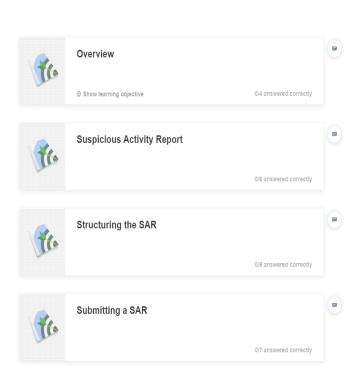
Improving Quality of SARs; Reason for Suspicion

Include;

- o Who is involved?
- o <u>How</u> are they involved?
- o <u>How did the circumstances arise?</u>
- What is the criminal/terrorist property?
- What is the value of the criminal/terrorist property (estimated as necessary)?
- O Where is the criminal/terrorist property? (E.g. property in Spain, investments held in Switzerland etc.)
- When are the circumstances planned to happen?
- When did the circumstances arise?
- o Why are you suspicious or how do you have knowledge?

Improving Quality of SARs SAR Guidance





SAR Guidance Learning Outcomes

- Understand the role of the FIU
- Define suspicion
- o Be able to identify suspicious activity or transactions
- Know when to submit a suspicious activity report
- Know how to report to the FIU
- Understand Consent or a Defence against Money Laundering
- Produce better quality reports
- Understand the offence of 'Tipping Off' and the consequences
- Course Certificate (CPD)

Aim to be Published by the end of November 2021

Consent Regime Guidance



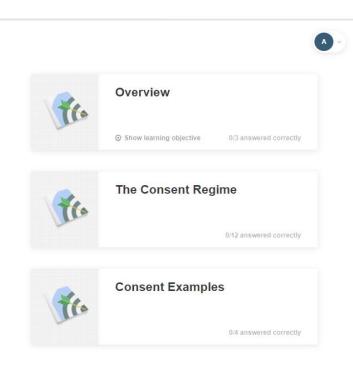
Consent Regime E- Learning

YOU COMPLETED 0%

Financial Intelligence Unit E-Learning

Welcome to an online e-learning program designed to reach out to financial and non-financial reporting entities as well as public sector bodies.

The FIU is committed to improving our outreach program and we would appreciate your views and comments on our elearning course.



Consent Guidance Learning Outcomes

- Have an understanding of the Bailiwicks Consent Regime
- Understand what is meant by consent or a statutory defence against money laundering
- Understand FIU responses to consent requests
- Understand you ongoing obligations
- Understand tipping off offences
- Course Certificate (CPD)

Aim to be Published early December 2021

www.guernseyfis.gg



01481 225824

fis@gba.gov.gg









